## CLASS XII INFORMATICS PRACTICES - New (065) Marking Scheme - SQP (2019-20)

Max. Marks: 70

	Section A				
Q1	a) An s	[40 50 60 70]	(1 mark for correct output)		
	b) Ans	print( <b>np.var</b> (data,ddof=0))	(1 mark for appropriate function var)		
	c)Ans	(i) plt.bar(x,y) (ii) plt.show()	( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> mark for each correct code)		
		OR (i) PLINE.plot(LIST) (ii) PLINE.ylabel("Sample Numbers")			
	d) Ans	[10 12 16 20]	(1 mark for correct output)		
	, ,	<pre>import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np x = np.arange(1, 5) plt.plot(x, x*1.5, label='Normal') plt.plot(x, x*3.0, label='Fast') plt.plot(x, x/3.0, label='Slow') plt.legend() plt.show()</pre>	2 marks (1/2 mark for each import statement) (1/2 mark for using arange()) (1/2 mark for using plot(), legend() and show())		
	f) Ans	Pandas Series is a one-dimensional labeled array capable of holding data of any type (integer, string, float, python objects, etc.). The axis labels are collectively called index.Example importpandas as pd # simple array data =pd.series([1,2,3,4,5]) print data	2 marks (1 mark for definition and 1 mark for example)		
	g) Ans	import numpy as np array1=np.identity(3) print(array1) x=np.where(array1==0) for i in x: array1[x]=np.random.randint(low=10,high=20) print(array1)	3 marks 1 mark for creation of identity matrix 1 mark for identification of position of 0 1 mark for changing value of 0 to random number		

		import numpy as np Z = np.arange(9).reshape(3,3) print (Z) x=np.where((Z%2)==0) for i in x: Z[x]=np.random.randint(low= print(Z)	<b>OR</b> =10,high=20)	1 mark for creation of matrix 1 mark for identification of even number 1 mark for changing value of 0 to random number
Q2	a) Ans	(ii) reindex	Practiced Python ? CS4school.com Do visit for hands on !	(1 mark for correct answer)
	b) Ans	df.tail(4)	OR	(1 mark for correct answer)
		EMP.insert(loc=3,column="Sa	larv" value=Sal)	
	c) Ans	0.50 8.0 0.75 11.0		(1 mark for each correct line of output)
	d) Ans	# Drop rows with label 0 df = df.drop(0) print(df )		(1 mark for giving complete and correct code)
	e) An s	Pivoting means to use unique values from specified index/columns to form apex of the resulting dataframe. Pivot() and pivot_table() methods		(1 mark for correct definition and ½ mark for each correct example)
	f) Ans	import pandas as pd		
		<pre># initialize list of lists data = [['S101', 'Amy', 70], ['S102', 'Bandhi', 69], ['S104', 'Cathy', 75], ['S105', 'Gundaho', 82]] # Create the pandas DataFrame df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns = ['ID', 'Name', 'Marks']) # printdataframe. print(df ) OR</pre>		2 marks ( $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for correct initialization, 1 mark for correct dataframe and $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for printing dataframe)
		import pandas as pd df = pd.DataFrame([[1, 2], [3, 4 df2 = pd.DataFrame([[5, 6], [7, df = df.append(df2)		
	g)Ans	(i) print(df.mean(axis = 1, skip print(df.mean(axis = 0, (ii) print(df.sum(axis = 1, skip (iii) print(df.median())	skipna = True))	3 marks (1 mark for each correct code )

		OR	]
		(i) df1.sum() (ii) df1['Rainfall'].mean() (iii) df1.loc[:11, 'maxtemp':'Rainfall'].mean( )	
	h)Ans	a b first 10 20 second 6 32 a b1 first 10 NaN second 6 NaN	3 marks (½ mark for each correct output)
	i)Ans	<pre>import numpy as np import pandas as pd df1 = pd.DataFrame({'mark1':[30,40,15,40], 'mark2':[20,45,30,70]}); df2 = pd.DataFrame({'mark1':[10,20,20,50], 'mark2':[15,25,30,30]}); print(df1) print(df1) print(df1.add(df2)) (ii) print(df1.add(df2)) (ii) print(df1.subtract(df2)) (iii) print(df1.subtract(df2)) (iii) df1.rename(columns={'mark1':'marks1'}, inplace=True) print(df1) (iv) df1.rename(index = {0: "zero", 1:"one"}, inplace = True) print(df1)</pre>	4 marks (1 mark for creating each dataframe and ½ mark for each correct command)
		Section B	1
Q3	a)Ans	Concurrent Process model	(1 mark for correct answer)
	b)Ans	Validation/Testing	(1 mark for correct answer)
	c)Ans	Improved code quality: As second partner reviews the code simultaneously, it reduces the chances of mistake.	(1 mark for correct answer)
	d)Ans	→ The ScrumMaster is the servant leader to the Product Owner, Development Team and Organization with no hierarchical authority over the team but rather more of a facilitator, the ScrumMaster ensures that the team adheres to Scrum theory, practices, and rules. →The ScrumMaster protects the team by doing anything possible to help the team perform at the highest level.	2 marks (1 mark for correct answer and 1 mark for correct justification)
			Theory !
			CS4school.com
			Do visit for Sample papers !
		$\rightarrow$ Spiral model is a combination of both Incremental as well as Waterfall method.	

e)Ans	Situations to use/apply waterfall model	3 marks
	<ul> <li>i) When project is small</li> <li>ii) When problem is static.</li> <li>iii) Clear and fixed requirements. Stable problem definition.</li> <li>Technology is static.</li> <li>Advantage :</li> <li>Simple and easy to understand</li> <li>Disadvantage :</li> <li>No working software till the last phase</li> </ul>	(1 mark for any correct area of use 1 mark for correct advantage and 1 mark for correct disadvantage)
	<b>OR</b> Situations to use/apply spiral model When project is large,When releases are required to be	
	frequent,When risk and costs evaluation is important For medium to high-risk projects Advantage- Additional functionality or changes can be done at	
	a later stage Cost estimation becomes easy as the prototype building is done in small fragments <b>Disadvantage</b> -Risk of not meeting	
f)Ans	<ul> <li>→The team members are not working in a systematic way and they are not saving the versions of their work. Changes made in one part of the software can be incompatible with those made by another developer working at the same time.</li> <li>→Version control exists to solve these problems, and it's within easy reach for every developer. Version control helps teams solve these kinds of problems, tracking every individual change by each contributor and helping prevent concurrent work from conflicting.</li> <li>→Further, in all software development, any change can introduce new bugs on its own and new software can't be trusted until it's tested. So testing and development proceed together until a new version is ready.</li> </ul>	the problem, 1 mark for explaining version control and 1 mark for its advantages)
g)Ans	Actors : Master, Trainee	4 marks (2 marks for drawing use case and 1 mark for each actor)
	An actor is any entity (user or system) that interacts with the	

	1		I
		system of interest. For an ATM, this includes:	
		Bank Customer	
		ATM Maintainer	
		Central Bank Computer	
		OR	
		A teacher is conducting an interview with a student. In the	$(1\frac{1}{2})$ mark for each
		course of that, the teacher always has to grade the student.	correct explanation
		Father and son cook dinner. In the course of that, one of them	and 1 mark
		always has to load the dishwasher.	explaining the
		1. B can execute the same use cases as A.	relationship)
		2. B inherits all of A's associations.	(leidaenemp)
	I	Section C	
Q4	a)Ans	python manage.py startapp users	(1 mark for correct
<b>W</b> .T			answer)
	b)Ans	Commit is used to save all the DML transactions, and once	(1 mark for correct
		saved they cannot be rolled back.	answer)
		Saved they calling be folled back.	
		OR	
		UK	
		Alter command is used to change/modify the structure of	
		Alter command is used to change/modify the structure of	
		database object like a table, index, etc.	
	c)Ans	Comma separated values	(1 mark for correct
			answer)
	d)Ans	None value	(1 mark for correct
			answer)
	e)Ans	verify whether the python application is connected to mysql	(1 mark for correct
		database.	answer)
	f)Ans	(i)Where clause is used to show data set for a table based on a	3 marks
		condition and having clause is used to put condition on the	
		result set that comes after using Group by clause.	(1 mark for each
			correct difference)
		(ii)COUNT(*) returns the number of items in a group, including	
		NULL values and duplicates. COUNT(expression) evaluates	
		expression for each row in a group and returns the number of	
		non null values.	
		Candidate Key – A Candidate Key can be any column or a	
		combination of columns that can qualify as unique key in	
		database. There can be multiple Candidate Keys in one table.	
		Each Candidate Key can qualify as Primary Key.	
		Primary Key – A Primary Key is a column or a combination of	
		columns that uniquely identify a record. Only one Candidate	
		Key can be Primary Key.	
		A table can have multiple Candidate Keys that are unique as	
		single column or combined multiple columns to the table. They	
		are all candidates for Primary Key.	
	a) / po		3 marks
	g)Ans		JIIdIKS
	1	1	l

	1			
		(i) The degree is 6 and cardinality is	5.	( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> mark for correct degree and <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> mark
		(ii)		for cardinality)
		++		for our and indirity)
		max(DOJ)		(1 mark for correct
		++		output)
		1998-02-21		
		++		
				(1 mark for correct
		(iii)Delete from Customer Details whether the second s	nere Accumit Amt is NULL:	query)
	h)Ans	mysql> Select Name,SalesAmt from		4 marks
		mysql> Select city, sum(SalesAmt) fr		(1 mark for each
		Invsql> Select count ), City from store group by City having		correct query and
		count(*)>2;		<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> mark for each
		mysql> Select Min(DateOpen) from S	store;	correct output)
		++		
		Min(DateOpen)		
		++		
		2015-02-06		
		++		
		mysql> Select Count(StoreId), NoO	fEmp from Store group by	
		NoOfemp having max(SalesAmt)<60	000;	
		++		
		Count(StoreId)   NoOfEmp		
		++	Visit for Python &	
		1 10     1 11	SQL course !	
			CS4school.com	
			C345C11001.C0111	
		++		
				(I) 1 mark for correct
		OR		connection
				establishment
		i)import mysql.connector		$\frac{1}{2}$ mark for activation
		mydb = mysql.connector.connect(		of cursor and ½ mark
		host="localhost", user="root",		for correct executable
		passwd="cbse",		insert command
		database="school"		Or 2 full marks for
				any other correct
		/ mycursor = mydb.cursor()		program
		mycursor.execute("INSERT INTO student values(3,'Michelle',		
		'Agartala');")		
		mydb.commit()		(ii)
				(1 mark for correct
		$ ii\rangle f = cncn/(numbers coult tri)$		opening of csv file in
		(ii) f = open( numbers.csv , r )		read mode, ½ mark
		With L		for csv.reader()
		for row in reader.		command and <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
		for e in row:		mark for printing
		print(e)		content of csv file)
-	•	•		•

		Section D	
Q5	a)Ans	A remixed song is not an intellectual property	(1 mark for correct answer)
	b) Ans	She has committed a fraud	(1 mark for correct answer)
	c) Ans	The primary law is Information Technology Act 2000.	(1 mark for correct answer)
	d) Ans	She should check whether it is a valid bank site or not by checking in the url https. It is always better to type the url and then login to the site. She should not click on the link provided in the email.	2 marks (1 mark for correct answer)
	e)Ans	Different types of ICT tools assist people with learning disabilities to achieve positive outcomes. They are : Talking Word processors Screen Readers Conversion of local language to Braille Eye Tracking mouse	2 marks (1 mark for each correct point or any other correct point)
	f)Ans	<ul> <li>Role of Social Media Campaigns:- →A social media campaign should focus around a singular business goal, whether it's on Facebook or Instagram. Common goals for a social media campaigns include: <ul> <li>Getting feedback from users.</li> <li>Building email marketing lists</li> <li>Increasing website traffic</li> </ul> </li> <li>→Crowdsourcing is the practice of engaging a 'crowd' or group for a common goal — often innovation, problem solving, or efficiency. It is powered by new technologies, social media and web 2.0. Crowdsourcing can take place on many different levels and across various industries.</li> <li>→Smart mobs, so named because each person in the group uses technology to receive information on where to go and what to do. This ability to stay on top of current events makes smart mobs extremely effective</li> </ul>	3 marks (1 mark for one correct role of social media campaign, 1 mark for one correct role of Crowdsourcing and 1 mark for one correct role of Smart mob)
		OR <ol> <li>Give Your Electronic Waste to a Certified E-Waste Recycler</li> <li>Donating Your Outdated Technology</li> <li>Give Back to Your Electronic Companies and Drop Off Points.</li> </ol>	(1 mark for each correct ways of disposing e waste)

Good luck!

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